

The Ways of the People

We forego the purpose we had in view last week, of occupying several columns of our paper to-day, with the accounts of the elections, and other demonstrations of public opinion in the "twenty Harrison States." We do this at the suggestion of a friend, with whom we concur, that our present number can be more profitably employed in proving that General Harrison ought to be elected, than in merely demonstrating the certainty that he will be. His slenderer will find a rare treat, in several of our columns. We cannot resist the desire, however, to copy a few of the leading signs from Virginia, and New York. In the latter state, the "Express," after a careful comparison of all the returns, states that, the aggregate Whig gain, (the state over) is thirteen per cent! This would be equal to a gain of upwards of twenty thousand votes. In addition to this, we have been shown a letter from one of the coolest and clear-headed politicians in the state—now in the public service, at Washington—which says that "New York will give Harrison a larger majority than she ever gave before." The same writer expresses the belief, most confidently, that "Martin Van Buren cannot carry more than five or six States in the Union." We are short for room—but the foregoing, and the following paragraphs, are "glory enough for the day." They constitute an antidote to the deception of the "Globe and its echoes." We have to omit, several columns of returns which follow the articles—but we must make room for the articles of Senator Wright and Senator Talmage. They are "beautiful."

From the Madisonian, March 14.
The Globe, of Wednesday, with a "flourish of trumpets," announced a Federal Loco Foco victory in several counties in New York. The editor is fully guilty, both of the "suggetio falsi," and of the "appressio veri." He has much of the latter, to answer for in this matter.

He omits to state that the increased aggregate Republican majority over the Loco-focos in 1840 in the county of Chenango, in which he boasts of success. That New Berlin, for the first time elected a Republican supervisor over the most popular Loco-foco by a majority of 25—the latter having been elected last spring by a majority of 11. That Oxford, for the first time, also, beat the Loco-foco candidate by a majority of fifteen. That the Loco-foco majority in Green was reduced to 50—Guilford, 40. 25—and that Seneca increased the Republican majority, 25. The Loco-focos elected their ticket in Plymouth by a majority of 10. The nomination on the part of the Whigs were not satisfactory—only about one-half of the Whig voters were at the polls—Plymouth is good for 100 Harrison majority. And the county of Chenango will dance next fall to the tune of 650 majority for "Old Tip"—stick a pin there.

The account given of results in other counties is probably entitled to as much credence as the Chenango account. In Otsego county, our friends made no rally, except in a few towns. The Loco-foco majority in the county last fall was 1,073. There has been no contest there since the election of Col. Prentiss. He is the most popular man in the county, and his majority was about 600 only—and that is all the majority that Mr. Van Buren can get in Otsego next fall—stick another pin there.

Our friends may rest assured that the town meetings in New York furnish no cause of exultation to the Democrats. A letter from an intelligent friend in Albany, says—"So far as heard from, the town meetings have gone much in our favor." This is the truth of the matter.

The Globe told us that the Albany Argus contained two whole columns of returns from the interior of the State, exhibiting reactions favorable to Mr. Van Buren. How easy is it, in a State as large as N. York, to select a number of towns from admitted Van Buren counties, and parade them into newspaper columns, as evidences of the general will of a people? But we could have anticipated this shallow bragadoocio, by relating the fact that the Albany Evening Journal, and the Daily Advertiser, have, for several days past, published columns after columns, announcing the triumphs of the friends of Harrison in the town and county elections. By way of offset to the beggarly account of loco loco triumphs published in the Globe, we will make a few quotations, and we will begin with Mr. Senator Warren's own county, where Mr. Van Buren's party have heretofore received their ten to fifteen hundred majority!

MAKE WAY FOR ST. LAWRENCE.
Mr. Silas Wright's own county has told a glorious tale in the spring elections. The patriotic exertions of the Whigs have been amply rewarded. The following summary of the results we find in the Ogdensburg Times.

SUPERVISORS OF ST. LAWRENCE—1840.	
WHIG	FED. L. F.
Brasher, Jehiel Stevens,	140
Canton, Lemuel Buck,	1
Dekalb, Harlow Goddard,	1
Depuyter, Abner M. Murphy,	34
Edwards, J. C. Haile,	—
Flower, H. H. Haile,	—
Gouverneur, Wm. E. Sterling,	53
Hammond, Enoch Taylor,	—
Herman, Nathaniel Kent,	32
Hopkinson, C. S. Chittenden,	—
Lawrence, Carlton McEwen,	5
Louisville, Samuel Bradford,	3
Lisbon, Charles Norway,	—
Madrid, George Redington,	88
Massena, Benj. Phillips,	11
Morristown, Moses Birdsall,	104
Norfolk, Hiram Atwater,	19
Oswegatchie, Geo. Shepard,	—
Parishville, John Brownell,	21
Pierrepont, G. Cox,	—
Postdam, A. T. Hopkins,	65
Pitcairn,	—
Rossie, Martin Tatcher,	—
Russell, Holmes Nevins,	—
Stockholm, Thomas Dunton,	28
446	335

The Republican (V. B.) states the result as follows: 12 loco loco supervisors, 11 Whigs—1 town no choice—1 town not heard from. The Republican makes the Board stand 12 Whigs to 12 loco locos, and one town not heard from. Last year (according to the Argus) the locos had eighteen supervisors to the Whigs seven—not Whig gain eleven supervisors. Three cheers for St. Lawrence!

How does the Globe and Mr. Wright like such reactions?

Now for Old Dutchess.

The following letter gives the result of the charter election in Poughkeepsie. This is the residence of Mr. Talmage. It will be seen that his independent course is sustained by his own neighbors, by increased majorities, on every trial. It is so throughout the State. The majority for Harrison next fall, will be greater than the State of New York. On any former occasion.

HARRISON IN POUGHKEEPSIE.
Poughkeepsie, March 3, 1840.
The charter election is over. We had a tremen-

dous conflict. The Loco-focos made their last desperate effort. They acted and evidently felt that they must now re-establish their ascendancy in Poughkeepsie, or yield forever the hope of seeing themselves, as the followers of Van Buren, in a majority.

The conflict resulted most auspiciously. The vote was large beyond all precedent, 1009 having been taken, which is an increase of 100. Of this number, 820 were given to Harrison, and 389 for the Van Buren ticket. Our majority, therefore, in the village is 231. This is a handsome increase over our vote of last fall.

The editor of the New York Express, by carefully collecting and examining the returns from all the N. York towns and counties, in which local elections have recently been held, shows that the Whigs have "gained THIRTEEN PER CENT: Since the election of last fall."—Com. Bulletin.

SIGNS IN VIRGINIA.—The Baltimore Patriot of the 12th inst. WILLIAM M. PAYTON, for many years representative in the Virginia Legislature and at the last election one of the most efficient supporters of Mr. Van Buren, has come out in favor of General Harrison, and is announced as a candidate for the House of Delegates for Roanoke county.

B. G. PAYTON, for more than twenty years a delegate in the Virginia Legislature, from the county of Fluvanna, and one of the main pillars of the Democratic party in that State, has come out in a very able address in favor of Gen. Harrison. The county of Fluvanna gave Mr. Van Buren a majority of 250 votes in 1836, and will now give two to one in favor of Gen. Harrison.

E. FOSTINE, (Conservative.) Senator from the Hanover district, has also published a powerful address in favor of Gen. Harrison!

The revolution in Virginia against Mr. Van Buren extends through every county in the State, and is sweeping Loco Focism from the Commonwealth.

On the Whig Electoral ticket there are nine gentlemen who supported Van Buren in 1836, and we notice that Dr. STEWART BALDWIN, of Manchester, the Van Buren Elector for that district in 1836, is now among the most active supporters of Gen. Harrison! "The work goes bravely on!"

ANOTHER SIGN.—A vote was taken on board the steam-boat Monsoon, on her late downward passage from Galena to this port, for President, and stood for HARRISON, 37; for VAN BUREN, 13—one of the thirteen avowed himself for Harrison, but said he voted with the minority merely to enable them to keep up respectable show. This sign is the more indicative of popular sentiment from the fact that nearly all the passengers were farmers and settlers in Iowa, going to Burlington to attend the land sales, the vote having been taken before the boat passed that place. The clerk has furnished us the names of the passengers and their votes.

St. Louis Republican.

OLD NAPOLEON IN THE FIELD IN VIRGINIA.—The Richmond Whig says:—We learned just as our paper was going to press that Col. Wm. R. Johnson addressed the people of Chesterfield at the court house on Monday, and announced himself a candidate. The country needs his services and he could not withhold them. "On my brave boys and the day is ours!"

From the St. Louis Bulletin.

GASCONADE COUNTY, Mo., March 23, 1840.
Messrs. Editors.—It is with regret I see in the administration papers slanderous and abusive reports about Gen. Wm. H. Harrison. Let me assure you towards the Press that they know not their man; for he fought more battles than any other General, and never sustained a defeat. He fought our battles before his slanders were born; and they are not show their faces in battle, unless behind a cotton bale.

In 1791, I was with Gen. Wayne—have known General Harrison for 40 years, and can test to his bravery. I myself, have served 33 years in the service of my country; and in 1794, I commanded a regiment's guard, and served, with military honors, the bones of those veterans who were killed in the St. Clair defeat. During our war with Great Britain, I was stationed, the whole time, at the St. Clair, under Gen. Jackson; and was taken prisoner at Malden Point, with Major Lawrence, in 1814, and exchanged for Pakenham's prisoners. We were 300 men strong—they 7000. We fought them long, and bled upon a ship of war. I have seen Major Harrison here, and Gen. Arnold make his escape on board of a British sloop of war at West Point—and saw our troops fire after him, but our shots fell short. I will say that no brave man would slander a brave soldier.

STEPHEN SPALDING.

VOICE FROM CONNECTICUT.

The Young Men's State Convention on the 29th was the largest ever held in New England. The delegates came in procession with banners, and numbered in all from FIVE to SEVEN THOUSAND! They pledged Connecticut for the Hero of Tippecanoe and the Thames by five thousand majority.

The People's Candidate.—The little town of Berlin in Connecticut, sent 200 delegates to the young men's state convention. Many of the active young men in the Van Buren ranks have joined the democratic standard. The city of Middletown sent 300 delegates.

An Immense Harrison Meeting was held at Pittsburg, on the evening of the 11th ult. Hon. Harmer Denney was president, and among those who participated in the meeting, we notice the names of W. W. Irwin, the Mayor of Pittsburg, and Gen. Wm. Marks, formerly a democratic U. S. Senator from Penn. An interesting letter was read from Judge H. M. Brockbridge.

Signs of the Times.—We hear every day, in all directions, of individuals abandoning the support of Martin Van Buren and declaring in favor of the old Farmer of North Bend. The only acquisitions the President has made in the last three months, are the area nullifier and his "tail" from South Carolina, and thirty-four bloodhounds from the island of Cuba. (See *Keelback* (Maine) Journal.)

HARRISON AND REFORM, is raging over Massachusetts like a fire that runs over the Prairies of the west, sweeping every thing before him. In Roxbury, where the loco locos had for three years elected their town officers, the Whigs triumphed at the recent election by a majority of 278. In Quincy, where the loco loco last fall had a majority of 65, the Whigs have now a majority of 19. In Braintree, where the two parties last fall were exactly balanced, the Whigs are now triumphant by a majority of 101. Andover, that went strongly for the enemy last fall, is most thoroughly revolutionized. Medford, that went for Morton by a majority of 109, is now a whig strong hold. Wrentham, that gave Morton a majority of 71, now gives a whig majority of 30. In Lowell, the Whig gain is 231. In Worcester it is 70. In Dorchester 55. In Salem 45. In Taunton, Governor Morton's own town, 46.

In every town that we have enumerated, the loco locos, up to the day of the recent election were confident and boasted of success. They struggled hard for it, but their strength was shivered like glass. Loco focism was annihilated in Massachusetts. It attempted to stand too high in its shoes, and the whigs made it a head shorter. The reaction of public sentiment is like the surging of a mighty sea. General Harrison's majority in the Old Bay State will be overwhelming.—[Republican.]

What is the Legislature of Ohio doing?

Helping Congress?

What is Congress doing?

Helping the President?

What is the President doing?

Spending the People's money and manufacturing Harrison men.—[War Club.]

PARTY PROSCRIPTION.—One of the most flagrant acts of party proscriptio we have yet seen is that consummated in the Receiver's office at Lexington. It is a case of such bare-faced, unmitigated and unjustifiable proscriptio that thousands of the citizens of the Boon'slick country must pause and contemplate it.

Mr. E. M. RYLAND, the Receiver, has been removed, and Daniel Ashby, of Charleston county, appointed in his stead. For what has this been done, and what justification can be urged in defence of this high and uncalculated exercise of power. Mr. Ryland is a man of stern and unbending integrity, has held the office for several years, is extensively known, has been obliging, impartial and courteous to all having business in his office. To the People and the Government he has been alike faithful in the discharge of his duties, always accurate and strictly correct, and has never failed to account punctually for every dollar of public money which came to his hands.—In his politics he has sided with the administration party, and has supported wherever he believed support due, and opposed wherever he believed the administration wrong. But he is in his feelings and actions a gentleman, and therefore never could descend to the post of a mere noisy partisan, approving whatever Van Buren or his supporters dictated, or opposing whatever they opposed. As a freeman should do, he thought and acted for himself on all political subjects, supporting the administration where he believed it deserved support, and condemning what he believed it did not sanction. This independence lost him the office.

The P. M. General lately removed Mr. Aul from the post office in Lexington, without charge, and gave it to a jack-leg preacher, without so much as permitting the citizens to know that a change of post master was intended, or furnishing them with an opportunity to express an opinion on the merits of the applicant, or recommending one. This Mr. Ryland condemned as improper and unjust, and he joined with many others in expressing his disapprobation. This act of independence on his part, his daring to question the rectitude of an act of the supreme power, the party at Washington, we doubt not, was the cause, and main ground of his removal. When the force of government patronage is thus used to make independent freemen bend to the power of the President, it is surprising that honesty is driven from all the offices, and that peculations, swindling, defalcations, and swartwouting have become the order of the day.

Call you this a land of freedom or republican institutions, where party power thus rules and requires such servile submission from the free and independent citizen?

And who has been appointed in his stead? A man who could not, to save his life, write a receipt correctly. An ignorant, self-serving and brawling politician, who is as totally unqualified to take charge of the books and papers of the office of receiver, as he would be to discharge the duties of a clerk, as he would be to discharge the duties of a head of the Navy Department. He is devoid of any qualification for the station, and if he does not run into error and come out as hundreds of his predecessors have done, it will not be from his own competency. He has been several years in the legislature, and those who have seen him there can bear testimony to the truth of what we have said of his qualifications.

What has our country come to, when capable and honest men have to give place for such as this new appointee!—[Republican.]

CAUTION TO THE FRAUD.—A large amount of Post Notes of the City Trust and Banking Company, New York, of the denomination of \$20 and \$100; also, a large amount of certificates of deposit payable to E. P. Watts, have been purloined from the institution, and will in no case be paid by the Bank. A. ABBOTT, Cashier.

One term only.—If there is any one thing in politics on which all sides ought to agree, it is in insisting upon a restriction of the Presidency to one term. This will not only remove the temptation to use the patronage of the first term to secure re-election, but relieve the President from a vast deal of difficulty in his administration: he can act honestly and independently, with a regard only to the interests of his country—for he is elevated above the fear of the consequences of giving offence either to friends or foes.—[Vermont Watchman.]

The Coalition.—The Louisville Journal says:—Mr. Calhoun, three years ago, called Mr. Van Buren "a fox," and at the same time described the fox as "the most miserable, cowardly, and sneaking of all animals." Little thought the "chivalrous" nullifier then, that he himself would soon become a mere dangle from the fox's tail!

THE SUB-TREASURY BILL NAMED.

"A bill to separate, as far as possible, the interests of the Government and the Government officers, from the interests of the people, and to reduce the value of property and the wages of labor, in the United States."—Senator Merriek.

Trouble in the loco loco Camp. At a state convention of the locos, held at Richmond, Virginia, Geo. Polk was nominated for Vice President, and a resolution against a national convention was adopted. So Richard M. Johnson is to be dropped. Our modern federalists can stand any body that fought at Tippecanoe or if they could, they will never forgive Dick Johnson for his eloquent tribute to the character and services of Harrison.—[Vermont Watchman.]

TO LET OR LEASE, for four years, from the fourth of March next, a LOG CABIN at North Bend, Ohio, with the land attached thereto. Business of importance, which requires the presence of the owner in Washington, is his sole reason for leaving it. For further particulars, enquire at the White House, in that city.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir:—I have just seen a sheet called "Old Hickory," which, as I have always been a Jackson man, I concluded to look over. The first thing that struck my attention was the profile of the old General, which, in derision of him, is made to resemble a monkey more than a man.

I find the contents of the paper, however, are as different from the old Jackson doctrine, as that "old hickory" is different from the "old Hickory." I voted for—so, says to the Loco who landed it to me—"take back your counterfeit."

A JACKSON MAN, who was at FORT MEIGS.

Many articles intended for to-day are laid over until our next. Let every Whig attentively read the preamble and address adopted at the Harrison meeting on the 4th, and hand it over to his democratic neighbor. It is the very best expose of the union, position and purposes of the people, of all previous parties, in favor of the old Republican, we have any where seen. Extra copies may be had on application.

Mr. Rives' great letter, declaring for Gen. Harrison as the true republican candidate, will appear in our next.

Married.

In Boonville, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. H. L. Boon, Mr. JAMES M. MAJOR, of this place, to Miss FRANCES D., daughter of Isaac N. Bernard, Esq.

On the 10th inst. by the Rev. Isaac S. House, Mr. WARREN GEORGE, of Ray Co., to Miss JANE E. eldest daughter of Henry Peyton, Esq. of this county.

Wanted at this Office.

A JOURNEYMAN PRINTER, one who understands press work would be preferred. Fayette, March 23rd, 1840.

Hazel Ridge Hostel.

THIS House, situated upon the State road between Glasgow and Fayette, is now opened for the reception and entertainment of the travelling community.

The cant about "plentiful table"—"Market affords"—"Careful and attentive Outlets," it is thought best to omit. J. T. CLEVELAND, Hazel Ridge, March 21, 1840. 61

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been discharged and exempted from arrest and imprisonment, by Christopher P. Brown, Esq., Deputy Clerk of the Howard County Court, until the end of the next term of the Circuit Court of Howard County, hereby notifies all persons concerned or interested, that he will apply on the 3rd day of the next April Term of the Howard Circuit Court, for a final discharge. JOHN H. MINTER, March 23, 1840.—[2—5.]

Cash for Hemp.

Will pay cash for 100 to 200 tons of Hemp delivered in St. Louis. SIMMONDS & MORRISON, 19 Front St. March 23. 2-1m.

TAILORING.

SEAN DANNEN & SEBREE, have associated themselves together for the purpose of carrying on the

Tailoring Business, in all its branches, and having located themselves in St. Louis, are ready to execute any work which may be ordered to their hands.

They devoted themselves to the above business, and to become familiar with the different styles, they trust by proper care and attention to their business, they will be enabled to give general satisfaction.

Ladies' Cloaks, Habits, &c. made to order and in the best style.

Cutting of all descriptions done on a short notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Fayette, March 23rd, 1840. 2-3

New Establishment.

WILLIAM BOYD, SADDLER & HARNESS-MAKER, HAVING permanently settled in Glasgow, will keep constantly on hand a good supply of everything in his line of business. He pledges himself that his materials shall be of the best, and his work as good as any in the West. He would respectfully invite the public to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. One or two Apprentices will be taken to the above business if early application be made. Glasgow, March 16th, 1840. 92

John F. Darby.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, ST. LOUIS, MO. Office on Pine, between Main and Second streets.

Boggs & Hunter.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, ST. LOUIS, MO. Office on Chestnut, between Main and Second sts.

Julius D. Johnston, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ST. LOUIS, MO. Office in Court House Building, Fourth street.

George W. Callahan, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SAINT LOUIS, MO.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. H. N. Davis & Co. St. Louis, Mo.
John Riggin & Brother, do
James Lyman & Co. do
J. B. & M. Camden, do
Clark, Van Allen & Co. do
Hopper, Pock & Seales, do
Barry & Hurst, do
Doct. David Keener, do
Messrs. Hall & Co. Philadelphia.
George Handy, Esq. do
Stephen F. Nidelet, Esq. do
John M. Chapman, Esq. do
Messrs. Richards, Kingsland & Co. New York.
Oakley, Johnson & Clark, do
Pattison & Long, do
Lewis G. Irving, Esq. do

E. & A. Tracy, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, Front Street ST. LOUIS, Mo.

Kingsland & Lightner, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN STOVES, IRON, &c. No. 35 Water street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. W. Doughty, Wholesale Dealer in Liquors, Wines, Groceries, Sugars, &c. &c. No. 95, Main street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

McGuinnette & Way, Commission and Forwarding Merchants; WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, No. 72, Front street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

John Stagg, & Co. Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 24, Water street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

JOHN SIMMONS, JR. WM. M. MORRISON, SIMMONS & MORRISON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 19 Front street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. B. Sickles & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Saddlery, Harness and Saddlery Hardware, No. 29 North Main street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Books and Stationery.

J. C. DINNIES, & CO. SAINT LOUIS, MO.

Invites the attention of Country Merchants, Public Officers, Teachers and the public, to their extensive stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, PAPER & STATIONERY, generally selected, and the largest stock ever offered in Saint Louis, which they will sell at the lowest prices for Cash, or for approved city paper, on a liberal credit.

They have also on hand a large assortment of MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS, and Wall paper, which they will sell at greatly reduced prices. March 21, 1840. 17

Removal.

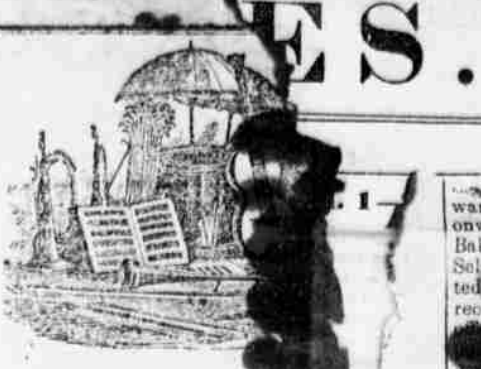
THE subscribers have removed from their old stand and have taken that recently occupied by Mr. J. W. Paulding.

No. 16, MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, where they have, and will continue to keep, a large and fashionable assortment of HATS & CAPS, which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

Country merchants are invited to call and examine their stock before purchasing.

N. B. Hats and Caps of any patterns made to order on short notice.

BELTZHOVER & ROBB, St. Louis, March, 1840. 1y.



NATHAN P. MANUFACTURER OF MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, No. 25, Market st. St. Louis.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has just opened a large and valuable assortment of NEW MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, and MISCELLANEOUS of every description; consisting of superior French cornets; valve trumpets; Christian's tenor and bass trombones, (Clarinet's pattern) Ophicleides; E. & C. Kent Bugles, from 5 to 9 keys; concert trumpets; bass horns, bass and tenor drums, French horns, concert and post horns; superior finished guitars, some beautifully inlaid with pearl, ivory and silver, varying in price from \$5 to \$50; violins, all qualities; double basses and bass violas, with patent machine heads; Christian's premium Flutes, from \$1 to \$55; do. clarinets, 5 to 13 keys; double and single flageolets; fifes, various kinds; metronomes; bird organs; music boxes; splendid accordions, from 6 to 22 keys, inlaid with pearl and various kinds of fancy wood, from \$5 to \$40; violin and bass viol bows of all qualities; reeds for clarinets; crooks and mouth pieces for bugles, cornets, trumpets, horns, etc.; portable music desks; tuning hammers and forks; violin bridges and pegs; hair and rosin for bows; cases for various instruments; music paper; instruction books for all instruments; patent par fello for securing loose music; superior violin violoncello, guitar, harp, and piano forte strings; Also, dulcimer wire. The stock of music & merchandise is very extensive, embracing every article pertaining to music.

The above stock was selected with great care by the subscriber, and every instrument is warranted correct, and can be returned if found imperfect in any respect. Those in pursuit of good instruments, will find it to their advantage to call and examine this stock, as it embraces the largest and best assortment ever offered in this city. A liberal discount made to seminaries, bands and artists of the profession. Musical instruments of every kind repaired and put in perfect order. See 92.

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

A full exchange of the latest and most fashionable songs, marches, waltzes, pieces, etc., arranged for the piano forte, guitar and other instruments; also, music arranged for a full band: sacred music in sheet and books; Foreign music; a splendid selection for the piano forte violin, flute, etc., by the most eminent composers; among which are, De Bort, Lafont, Mayseger, Osborn, Thalberg, Adner and Herties. In addition to the above, the subscriber will receive monthly all the latest and best music published in the United States. On his counter may be seen a variety of musical works and fashionable music. The following are among the collection, the Boston Musical Souvenir; Orphan lyre, a collection of glee; Kingsley's social choir; the Odeon; Boston glee book; music of Christ Church; Catechism on harmony; Burrow's Piano Forte primer; juvenile singing school; ancient and modern Catholic music; Boston Acad; coll'd. ancient lyre; the choir; Handel and Haydn's coll'd. Church music; Cook's art of singing; La Mésique or Musical Annual.

N. PHILIPS' Music Saloon, 20 Market-st.

Umbrella and Parasol Manufactory.

NO. 25, MARKET STREET, ST. LOUIS. WHERE can be found a large and extensive assortment of Silk, Ginghams and Oil cloth umbrellas; also plain and figured Parasols of every style and finish, some with rich Pearl and Ivory handles, manufactured especially for the retail trade, and will be sold by wholesale or retail at Eastern prices, adding the transportation of stock &c. Country merchants are invited to call and examine this assortment. March 21, 1840. N. PHILIPS, 25 Market st.

PARASOLS.

JUST finished, the most extensive assortment of ever offered, some very elegant and elegant patterns, at prices varying from \$1.50 to \$5.00, for sale very low by N. PHILIPS, 25 Market-st. St. Louis.

STATE OF MISSOURI—County of Randolph's.

In the Circuit Court, January Term, 1840. Fielding Cockrill, Clinton Cockrill and Felix G. Cockrill, Attachment.

Robert Steel, defendant.

NOW at this day comes into Court the said plaintiffs by their Attorney, and it appearing to the Court here that the process in this cause cannot be served on the said defendant, therefore on motion of the said plaintiffs, it is ordered by the Court, that an order of publication be made in the following form, to wit: To Robert Steel, you are hereby notified that Fielding Cockrill, Clinton Cockrill and Felix G. Cockrill, have commenced an action against you in the Circuit Court of Randolph County and sued out a writ of Attachment against you and attached your property to secure the sum of twenty-seven dollars and twenty cents, and that unless you appear at the next term of this Court, which will commence on the third Monday in May next, on or before the third day of said term, judgment will be rendered against you and your property sold to satisfy the same, and it is further ordered by the Court here, that this notice be published in some newspaper printed in this State four weeks successively before the commencement of the next term of this Court, to which time this cause is continued.

A true copy of the order. Teste—ROBERT WILSON, Clerk.

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY.

For the benefit of the Saint Louis Hospital, EXTRA CLANS NO. 13, for 1840.

To be drawn in the city of Saint Louis, on Thursday, April 2nd 1840.

Nine tickets in a package, warranted to draw Five Prizes!!

Drawing superintended by the Hon. M. P. Lodge, J. Clemons, Jr. Esq. and Col. Joseph C. Laveille, D. S. GREGORY, & Co. Managers. SCHEME.

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